



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Octamar™ Ultra HF

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name	: Octamar™ Ultra HF
Product code	: VF-000101
Internal code	: VF-000101
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 6/20/2024
Date of previous issue	: 6/20/2024
Version	: 5.02
Product description	: Mixture
Physical state	: Liquid.
Chemical identity	: Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Industrial applications: Fuel additive.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

UK Supplier : Innospec Limited
Innospec Manufacturing Park
Oil Sites Road, Ellesmere Port
Cheshire CH65 4EY
United Kingdom

Telephone no.: : +44 (0)151 355 3611
Fax no. : +44 (0)151 356 2349
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : sdsinfo@innospecinc.com

EU Supplier : Innospec Limited
Boite Postale 19, F-55300 St. Mihiel
Han-sur-Meuse, Meuse, France
+ 33 3 2991 7300

1.4 Emergency telephone number

In Europe, Middle East, Africa, Asia Pacific and South America
24 hour / 7 day emergency response for our products is
provided by the NCEC CARECHEM 24 global network



The main regional centres are listed here in Section 1. Other local contact numbers for specific language support in Asia Pacific are listed in Section 16.

Country information

Europe (all countries, all languages)

Emergency telephone number

: +44 (0) 1235 239 670

Location

London, UK

Date of issue/Date of revision : 6/20/2024

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Middle East, Africa (Arabic, French, English , Portuguese, Farsi) : +44 (0) 1235 239 671 London, UK

Asia Pacific (all countries except China) : +65 3158 1074 Singapore

China : 400 120 6011 Beijing China

Brazil : +55 11 3197 5891 Brazil

Mexico : +52 555 004 8763 Mexico

In USA, Canada and North America, 24 h/7 days of emergency response for our product is provided by the CHEMTREC(R) Emergency Call Center based in the USA.

Country information : Emergency telephone number

USA : 800 424 9300

Canada, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands : +1 800 424 9300

In case of difficulty using the toll-free number, or for ships at sea, call : +1 703 527 3887

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification**2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture**

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Carc. 2, H351

Repr. 1B, H360FD

STOT SE 3, H336

Asp. Tox. 1, H304

Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.
H360FD - May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Supplemental label elements : Contains maleic anhydride. May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements

General : Not applicable.

Prevention : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection.
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

- Response** : P391 - Collect spillage.
P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
P301 + P310, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting.
- Storage** : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
- Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- Hazardous ingredients** : Hydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]; dicyclopentadienyl iron and naphthalene

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings : Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**3.2 Mixtures** : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Type
Hydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	REACH #: 01-2119463583-34 EC: 918-811-1 CAS: 64742-94-5 Index: 649-424-00-3	≥50 - ≤75	STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
dicyclopentadienyl iron	REACH #: 01-2119978280-34 EC: 203-039-3 CAS: 102-54-5	<10	Flam. Sol. 1, H228 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Repr. 1B, H360FD (oral) STOT RE 2, H373 (liver) (oral, inhalation) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 1320 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l M [Chronic] = 10	[1]
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	REACH #: 01-2119463588-24 EC: 919-284-0 CAS: 64742-94-5	≤5	STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
Formaldehyde, polymer with nonylphenol	CAS: 9040-65-7	≤3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315	-	[1]
Camphor	REACH #: 01-2119966156-31 EC: 200-945-0 CAS: 76-22-2	≤3	Flam. Sol. 2, H228 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 2, H371	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1]

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

naphthalene	EC: 202-049-5 CAS: 91-20-3 Index: 601-052-00-2	≤3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Carc. 2, H351 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 490 mg/kg M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1] [2]
maleic anhydride	REACH #: 01-2119472428-31 EC: 203-571-6 CAS: 108-31-6 Index: 607-096-00-9	<0.001	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (respiratory system) (inhalation) EUH071 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	ATE [Oral] = 400 mg/kg Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.001%	[1]

Additional CAS # used in National Inventories

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	-	64742-94-5
dicyclopentadienyl iron	-	102-54-5
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	-	64742-94-5
Formaldehyde, polymer with nonylphenol	-	9040-65-7
Camphor	-	76-22-2
naphthalene	-	91-20-3

Additional informationType

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Our REACH (pre-) registrations DO NOT cover the following:

1. The manufacture of these products by our company outside the EU unless covered by the Only Representative provisions, and
 2. The importation of these products into Europe by other companies. Re-importation by other companies is not covered by our (pre-) registrations
- Customers and other third parties importing and/or re-importing our products into Europe will need either:
- Their own (pre-) registration for substances contained in the imported product, or constituent monomers (imported above 1 tonne per year and >2% by weight) in the case of imported polymers, or
 - In the case of importation only, to make use of the "Only Representative" provisions, if available.

SECTION 4: First aid measures**4.1 Description of first aid measures****Eye contact**

- : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

- : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove dentures if any. Wash out mouth with water. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness
reduced foetal weight
increase in foetal deaths
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced foetal weight
increase in foetal deaths
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
reduced foetal weight
increase in foetal deaths
skeletal malformations

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides
metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.4 Reference to other sections : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Supplier/Manufacturer (Europe, 2015). EU HSPA (RCP Aromatic solvents 180 - 215): 151 mg/m³ 8 hours. Supplier/Manufacturer (Europe, 2015). EU HSPA (RCP Aromatic solvents 180 - 215): 151 mg/m³ 8 hours. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). STEL: 19 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 3 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 13 mg/m³ 8 hours. EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 50 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	
Camphor	
naphthalene	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following:
 European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Hydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	DNEL	Long term Dermal	12.5 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	151 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7.5 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	32 mg/m ³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	7.5 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2.1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DMEL	Long term Inhalation	3.25 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	10.2 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DMEL	Long term Dermal	23.4 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DMEL	Long term Dermal	42.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.005 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.013 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.013 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.02 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.025 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.04 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
dicyclopentadienyl iron	DNEL	Long term Dermal	12.5 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	151 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	32 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	7.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.03 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.28 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.69 mg/m ³	General population	Local

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Camphor	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.69 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.95 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.31 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.31 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	25.6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	143.5 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	160.23 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	226 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	384 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	4.3478 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	10 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	17.6316 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.57 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
naphthalene	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	25 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	25 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.57 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	25 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
maleic anhydride	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	25 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.05 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.06 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.08 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.19 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.2 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.2 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.32 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.8 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.8 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**PNECs**

Product/ingredient name	Type	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
naphthalene	PNEC	Fresh water	2.4 µg/l	-
	PNEC	Marine	0.24 µg/l	-
	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	2.9 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	67.2 µg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Marine water sediment	67.2 µg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Soil	53.3 µg/kg dwt	-

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties****Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Brownish-red.

Odour : Aromatic. [Slight]

Odour threshold : Not available.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

pH	: Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Lowest known value: 178 to 215°C (352.4 to 419°F)(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.). Weighted average: 208.47°C (407.2°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 69°C (156.2°F)
Evaporation rate	: Highest known value: 0.05 (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.) Weighted average: 0.05 compared with butyl acetate
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Burning time	: Not applicable.
Burning rate	: Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Greatest known range: Lower: 0.6% Upper: 7% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.)
Vapour pressure	: Highest known value: 0.1 kPa (0.8 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.). Weighted average: 0.1 kPa (0.75 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
Vapour density	: Highest known value: 4.6 to 5.5 (Air = 1) (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.). Weighted average: 5.05 (Air = 1)
Relative density	: Not available.
Density	: 0.9208 g/cm ³ [15°C (59°F)]
Solubility(ies)	:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Lowest known value: 405°C (761°F) (Polymer).
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 2 mm ² /s (2 cSt)
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.
<u>Particle characteristics</u>	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information**11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008****Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result type	Dose
Hydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	-	Rat	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	>590 mg/m ³
dicyclopentadienyl iron	-	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	>2 mL/kg
	-	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	>2000 mg/kg
	-	Rat	LDLo Oral	5 mL/kg
	OECD 402 Acute Dermal Toxicity	Rat - Male, Female	LD50 Dermal	>3000 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	OECD 401 Acute Oral Toxicity	Rat	LD50 Oral	1320 mg/kg
	-	Rat	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	>590 mg/m ³
	-	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	>2 mL/kg
	-	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	>2000 mg/kg
Camphor	-	Rat	LDLo Oral	5 mL/kg
	OECD 402 Acute Dermal Toxicity	Rat	LD50 Dermal	>2000 mg/kg
	-	Mouse	LD50 Oral	1310 mg/kg
	OECD 423 Acute Oral toxicity - Acute Toxic Class Method	Rat	LD50 Oral	>5000 mg/kg
naphthalene	-	Rat	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	>340 mg/m ³
	-	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	>2000 mg/kg
	-	Rat	LD50 Oral	490 mg/kg
	-	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	2620 mg/kg
maleic anhydride	-	Rat	LD50 Oral	400 mg/kg

Acute toxicity estimates (ATE)

Route	ATE value
Oral	8843.01 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	143.76 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result
Hydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	-	Mammal - species unspecified	Eyes - Mild irritant -
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	-	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant -
	-	Mammal - species unspecified	Eyes - Mild irritant -
	-	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant -
	OECD 437 Bovine Corneal Opacity and Permeability Test	Isolated bovine cornea	Eyes - Severe irritant -
Camphor	OECD 439 In Vitro Skin Irritation: Human Skin Model Test	Human	Skin - Irritant -

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maleic anhydride	OECD 431 In Vitro Skin Corrosion: Human Skin Model Test	Human	Skin - Not irritant	-
	-	Rabbit	Eyes - Severe irritant	-

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result	Dose
dicyclopentadienyl iron	OECD 421 Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test	Rat - Male, Female	-	Oral: 10 mg/kg
	OECD 421 Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test	Rat - Male, Female	-	Oral: 25 mg/kg

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Camphor	Category 2	-	-

Information on likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness
reduced foetal weight
increase in foetal deaths
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced foetal weight
increase in foetal deaths
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
reduced foetal weight
increase in foetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure**Short term exposure**

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity : May damage the unborn child.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : May damage fertility.

11.2 Information on other hazards**11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information**12.1 Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Exposure	Result
Hydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	-	Algae	72 hours	Acute EC50 1 to 3 mg/l
	-	Daphnia	48 hours	Acute EC50 3 to 10 mg/l
	-	Fish	96 hours	Acute LC50 2 to 5 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	-	Algae	72 hours	Acute EC50 1 to 3 mg/l
	-	Daphnia	48 hours	Acute EC50 3 to 10 mg/l
	-	Fish	96 hours	Acute LC50 2 to 5 mg/l
naphthalene	-	Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours	Acute EC50 1.96 mg/l Fresh water
	-	Crustaceans - Daggerblade grass shrimp - <i>Palaemonetes pugio</i>	48 hours	Acute LC50 2350 µg/l Marine water
	-	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours	Acute LC50 1.6 mg/l
maleic anhydride	-	Crustaceans - Fiddler crab - <i>Uca pugnax</i> - Adult	3 weeks	Chronic NOEC 0.5 mg/l Marine water
	-	Fish - Mozambique tilapia - <i>Oreochromis mossambicus</i>	60 days	Chronic NOEC 1.5 mg/l Fresh water
	-	Fish - Western	96	Acute LC50 230 ppm

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

		mosquitofish - <i>Gambusia affinis</i> - Adult	hours	Fresh water
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12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Hydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	-	-	Inherent
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	-	-	Inherent

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Hydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	2.8 to 6.5	<100	Low
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	-	<100	Low
naphthalene	3.4	36.5 to 168	Low
maleic anhydride	-2.78	-	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available.

coefficient (K_{oc})

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable.

vPvB : Not applicable.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations





The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methodsProduct

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

- Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
- Hazardous waste** : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
- Packaging**
- Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
- Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
14.2 UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom., dicyclopentadienyl iron)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom., dicyclopentadienyl iron)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom., dicyclopentadienyl iron). Marine pollutant (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom., dicyclopentadienyl iron)	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom., dicyclopentadienyl iron)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9 	9 	9 	9 
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
Additional information	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8. Hazard identification number 90 Limited quantity 5 L Special provisions	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8. Special provisions 274, 335, 375, 601	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8. Emergency schedules F-A, S-F Special provisions 274, 335, 969	

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SECTION 14: Transport information

	274, 335, 601, 375 <u>Tunnel code</u> (-)			
14.6 Special precautions for user				
14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments				

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
Octamar™ Ultra HF	≥90	3
		30
dicyclopentadienyl iron	<10	30

Labelling : Restricted to professional users.

Other EU regulations

VOC : The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.

VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture : Not available.

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air : Not listed

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water : Not listed

Explosive precursors : Not applicable.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds (in tonnes)

Danger criteria

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
E1	100	200

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

National regulations

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals :Not listed

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals :Not listed

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals :Not listed

International lists

Australia inventory (AIIIC) :All components are listed or exempted.

Canada inventory :All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC) :All components are listed or exempted.

EU REACH Status :Please contact your supplier for information on the REACH status of this material.

Japan inventory :All components are listed or exempted.

Korea REACH Status :Please contact your supplier for information on the REACH status of this material.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC) :All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS) :All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan REACH Status :Please contact your supplier for information on the REACH status of this material.

Turkey REACH Status :Please contact your supplier for information on the REACH status of this material.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) :All components are listed or exempted.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.
Not to be used for hydraulic fracking applications

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SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RRN = REACH Registration Number

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Carc. 2, H351	Calculation method
Repr. 1B, H360FD	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements : H228 Flammable solid.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H371 May cause damage to organs.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS] : Acute Tox. 4 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Asp. Tox. 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Sol. 1 FLAMMABLE SOLIDS - Category 1
Flam. Sol. 2 FLAMMABLE SOLIDS - Category 2
Repr. 1B REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
STOT RE 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

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Emergency contact numbers for local language support in Asia Pacific region

Country information	Languages supported	Telephone no.:	Location
Australia	English	+61 2 8014 4558	Australia

SECTION 16: Other information

Bangladesh	Bengali, English	+65 3158 1200	Singapore
China	Mandarin, English	400 120 6011	Beijing China
India	Hindi, English	+65 3158 1198	Singapore
India (local toll free number)	Hindi, English	000800 100 7479	India
Indonesia (local toll free number)	Bahasa Indonesian, English	00780 3011 0293	Indonesia
Japan	Japanese, English	+81 3 4578 9341	Japan
Korea	Korean, English	+65 3158 1285	Singapore
Malaysia	Bahasa Malaysian, English	+60 3 6207 4347	Malaysia
New Zealand	English	+64 9929 1483	New Zealand
Pakistan	Urdu, English	+65 3158 1329	Singapore
Philippines	Tagalog, English	+63 2 8231 2149	Singapore
Sri Lanka	Sinhalese, English	+65 3158 1195	Singapore
Thailand (local toll free number)	Thai, English	001800 1 2066 6751	Thailand
Vietnam	Vietnamese, English	+65 3158 1255	Singapore

Notice to reader

The information in this Safety Data Sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and current legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications. The product should not be used for purposes other than those shown in Section 1 without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. As the specific conditions of use of the product are outside the supplier's control, the user is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of relevant legislation are complied with. The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation.